

NWS OCEAN PREDICTION CENTER

2012 MSC/COMET Winter Weather Course

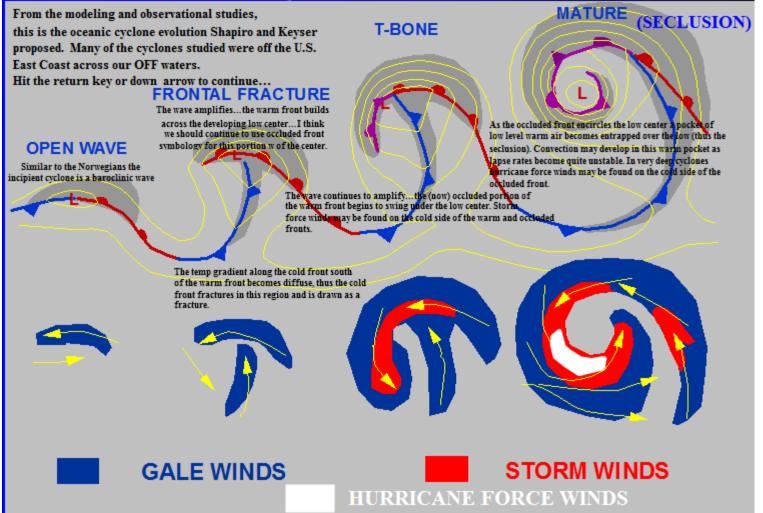
Paul Vukits Lead Forecaster Paul.Vukits@noaa.gov





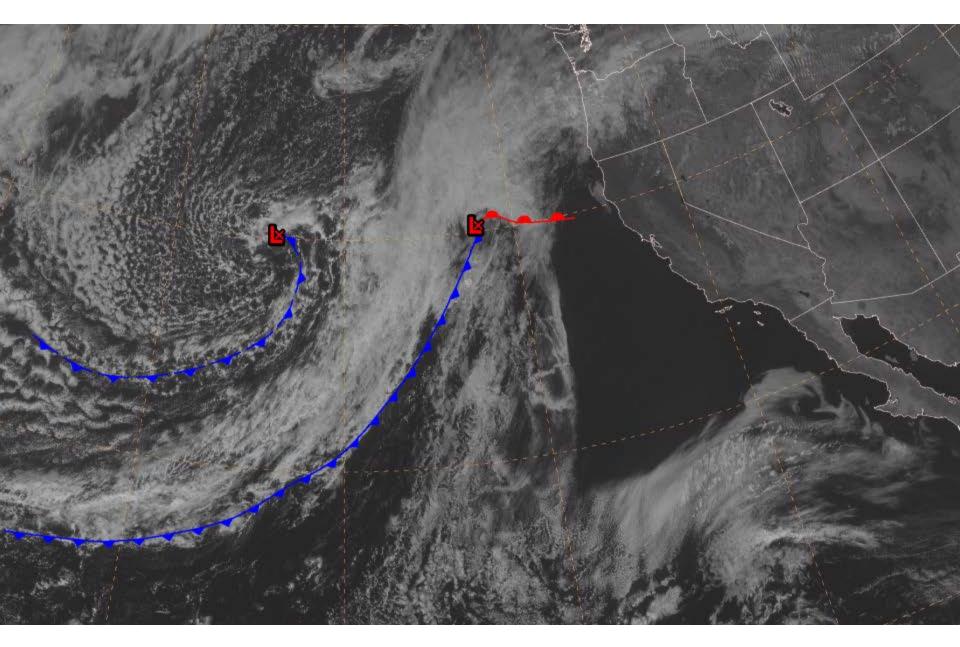


The evolution – Shapiro Keyser Cyclone

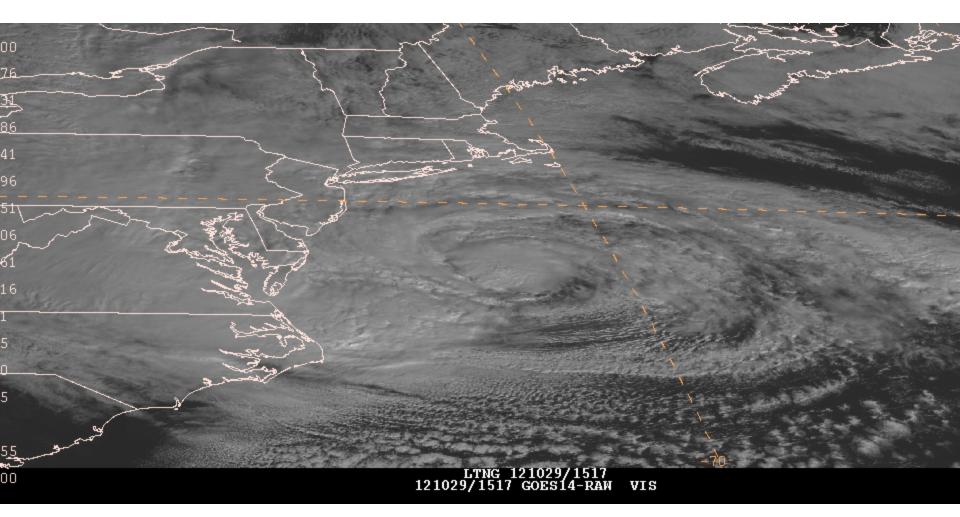




Satellite Neph Analysis

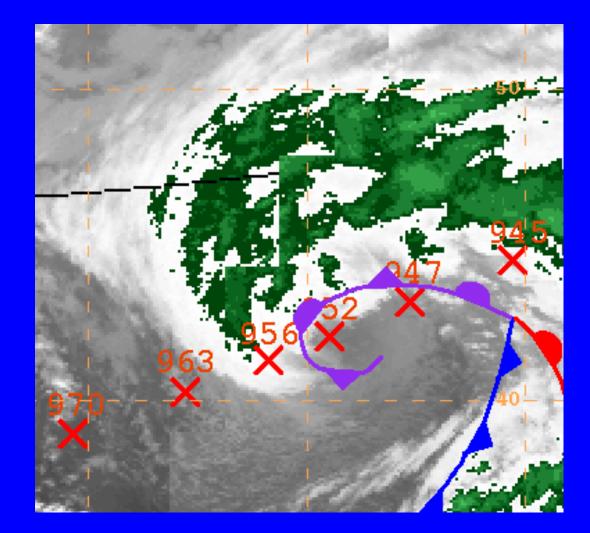




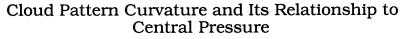


GOES 14 Hurricane Sandy 29 Oct 2012

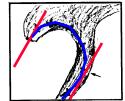
Smigelski – Mogil – Burt Technique for Estimating Central Pressure of Extratropical Cyclones



The worksheet and graph can be photocopied and used for the life cycle of any storm (initial development through and Including initial filling). Since all storms we have studied so far developed and reached maturity in 84 hours or less, the amount of space allotted each storm should be sufficient.









N/A 992mb

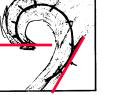
0.75

0.5 985mb

0.65 977mb



970mb



0.85 962mb



1.0 954mb

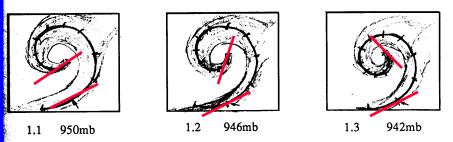
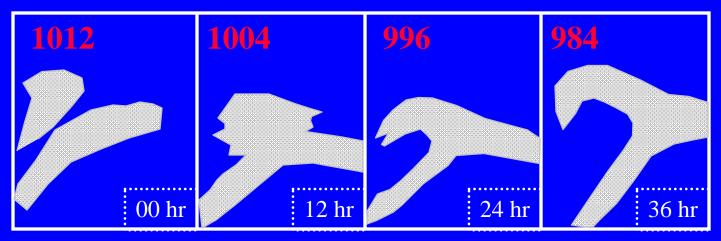


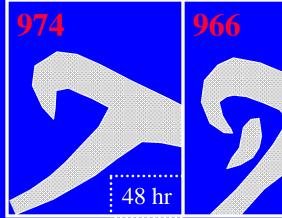
Figure 7. Cloud measurement in tenths of a ten degree log spiral (tick marks) and associated central pressures. Shading indicates middle and high clouds only.

Pacific Zonal Example – 12 hour Interval



Baroclinic leaf with upstream Vorticity lobe – 1012 mb Cusp of comma begins to emerges as vorticity lobe approaches. 8 mb deepening past 12 hrs.

Tail of comma cusp becomes better defined. 8 mb deepening past 12 hrs. Comma tail begins to push toward the back edge of the baroclinic band. 12 mb deepening past 12 hrs.





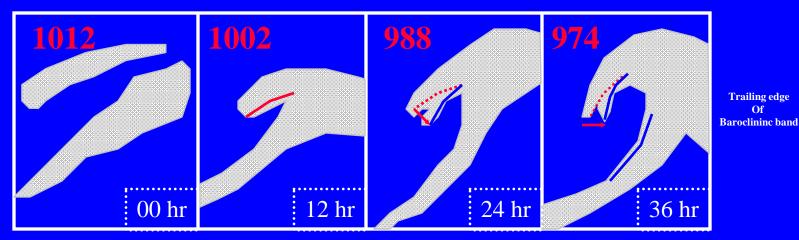
Comma tail continues to wrap
toward the baroclnic band.
continued intensification.Convection has broken out
near center.10 mb deepening past 12 hrs.





More convection. Triple point shears eastward. . 6 mb deepening past 12 hrs. System continues to shear. 4 mb filling past 12 hrs.

Pacific Meridional Example – 12 hour Interval



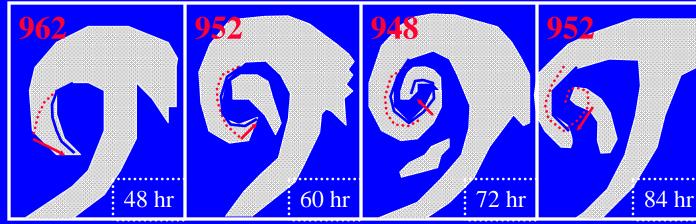
Baroclinic leaf with upstream Vorticity lobe – 1012 mb

Cusp of comma either emerges or forms as vorticity lobe approaches.

Tail of comma cusp begins to Comma tail continues to wrap up and push toward back edge of baroclinic band. the baroclinic band. 10 mb deepening past 12 hrs. 14 mb deepening past 12 hrs.

push toward the back edge of 14 mb deepening past 12 hrs.

Of

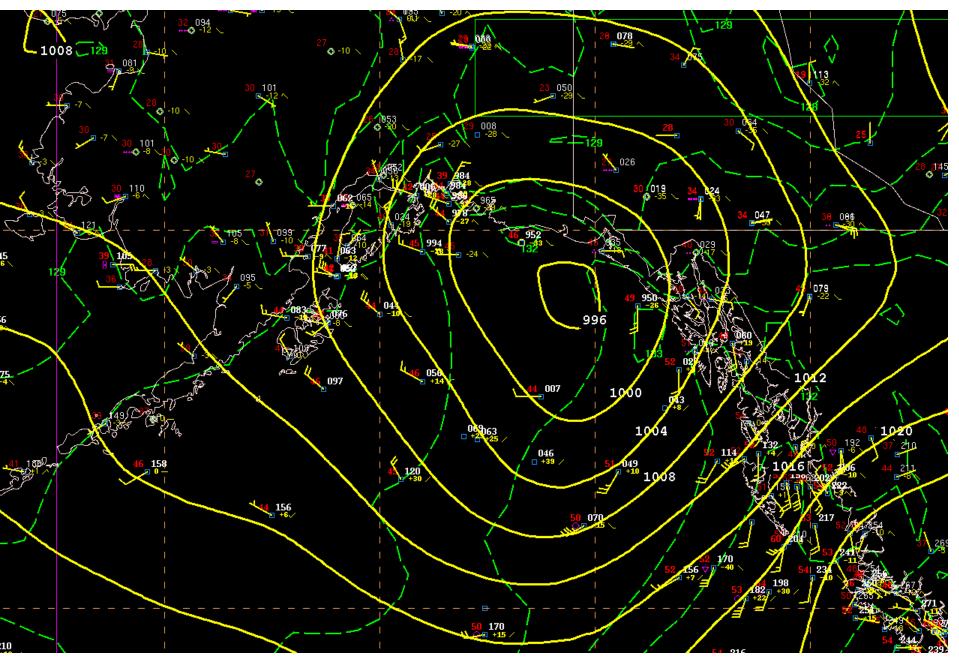


Continued intensification. Convection has broken out 12 mb deepening past 12 hrs. near center.

10 mb deepening past 12 hrs.

Convection has merged with System begins to shear. 4 mb filling past 12 hrs. comma tail. 4 mb deepening past 12 hrs.

GFS Objective Analysis



National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's NORA National Data Buoy Center Center of Excellence in Marine Technology Organization Home News Station ID Search Go Station List Storm Special! View the latest observations near Atlantic HURRICANE LESLIE as of ADVISORY NUMBER 29 @ 1100 AM AST THU SEP 06 2012 and Atlantic HURRICANE MICHAEL as of ADVISORY NUMBER 14 @ 1100 AM AST THU SEP 06 2012. Observations Mobile Access Northeast USA Recent Marine Data Obs via Google Maps Classic Maps Not All Stations Depicted are Operated by the National Data Buoy Center. Recent Historical To view marine data, click a station on the map below: DART® MMS ADCP Obs Search Maine Ship Obs Report PSBM1 Gliders CFWM1 OBGN6 ATGM1 APEX TAO 44027 44033 44034 DODS Vermont CASM1 MDRM1 HF Radar

New Hampsh WEXM1

Massachus BHBM3

44017

44060

MTKN6

NLNC3

44039

44025

ANMN6

BRHC3

BRBN4

NWHC3

WELM1

IOSN3

BGXN3 💌

MISM1

44005

44037

44024

44011

Station Legend

NOS Stations

CBOS Stations

NDBC Moored Buoys

NDBC C-MAN Stations

NERACOOS Stations

MYSOUND Stations

NERRS Stations STEVENS Stations

🔆 NDBC DART Stations

SCRIPPS Stations

44032

44008

44007

WAXM3

44098

44020

NTKM3

44402

70 W

44018

44030

44029

44013

BZBM3

44097



OSGNB

New York

NBLP1

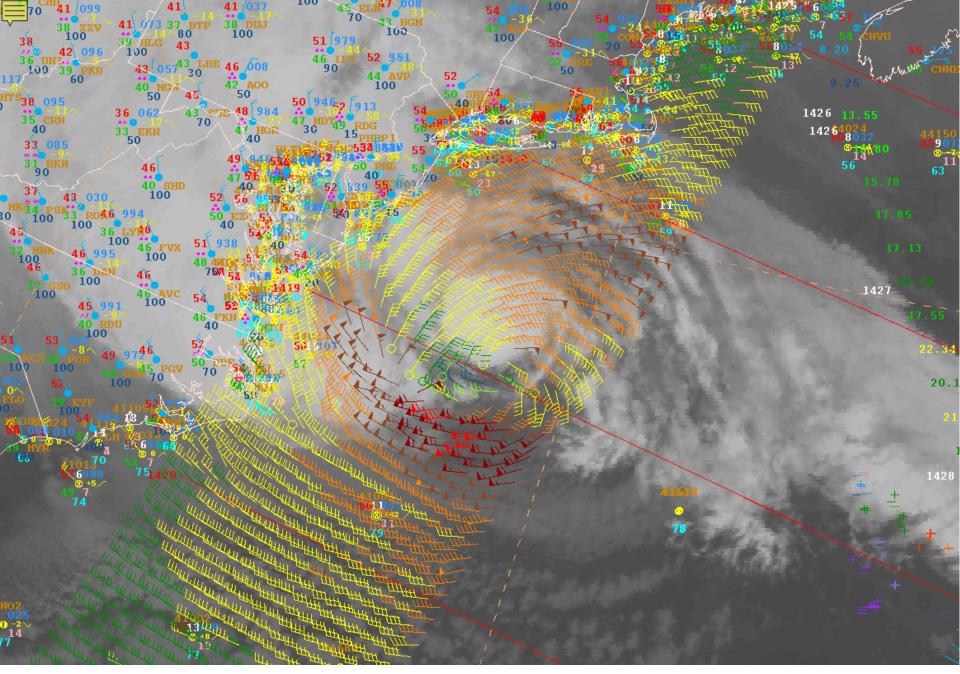
TPBN4

MRCP1 PHBP1 DRN4

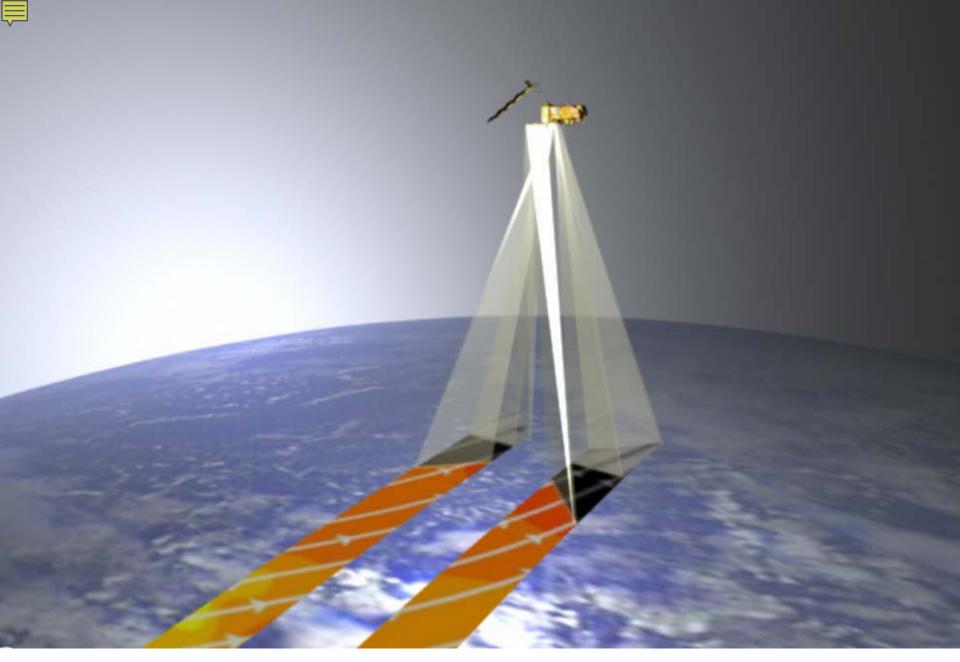
Program Info



NDBC on Facebook About NDBC Met/Ocean Moored Buoy C-MAN



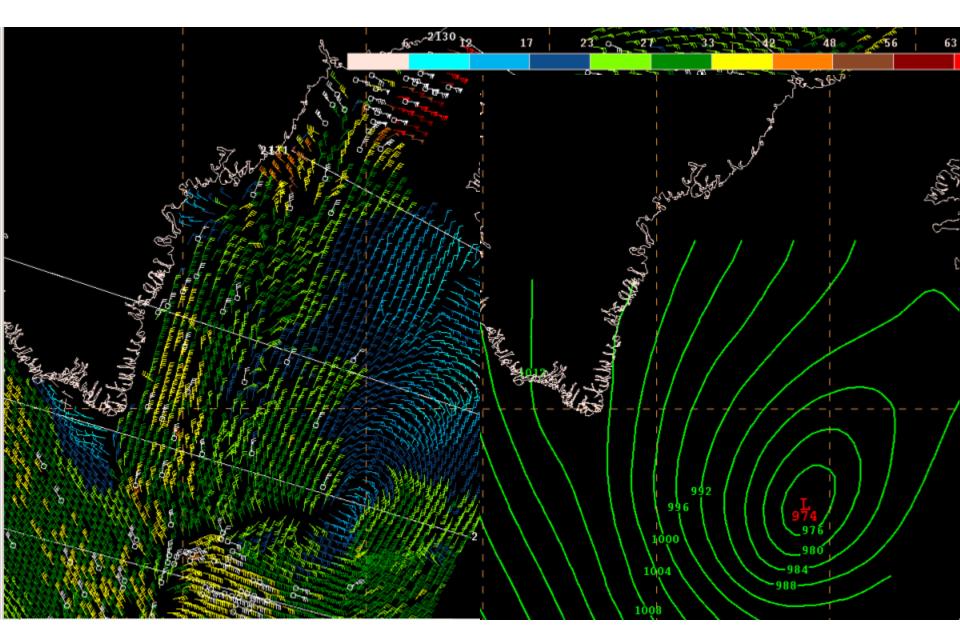
12.5 KM ASCAT Hurricane Sandy 29 Oct 2012



ASCAT Scatterometer

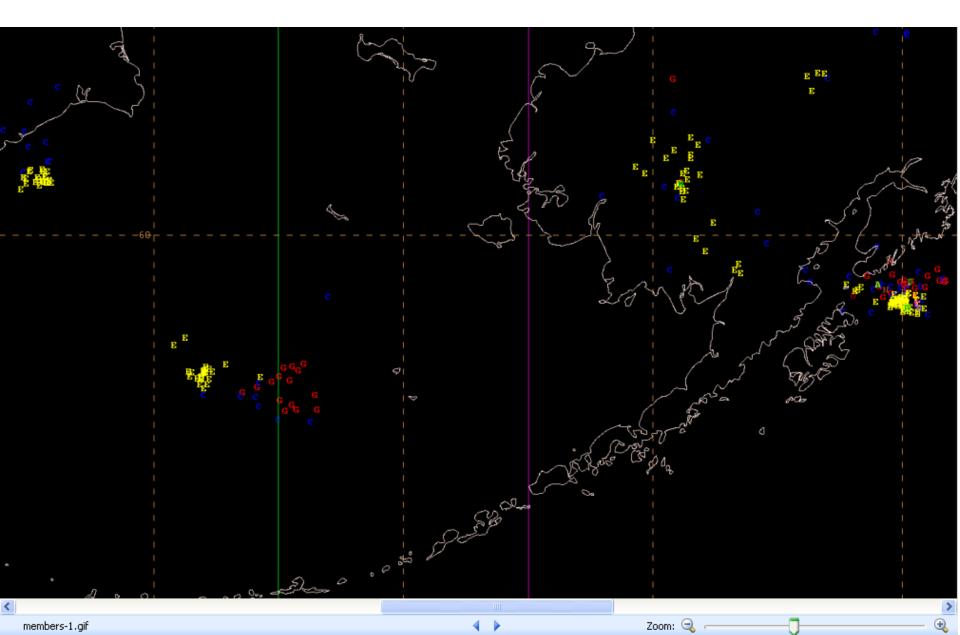


University of Washington Planetary Boundary Layer Model





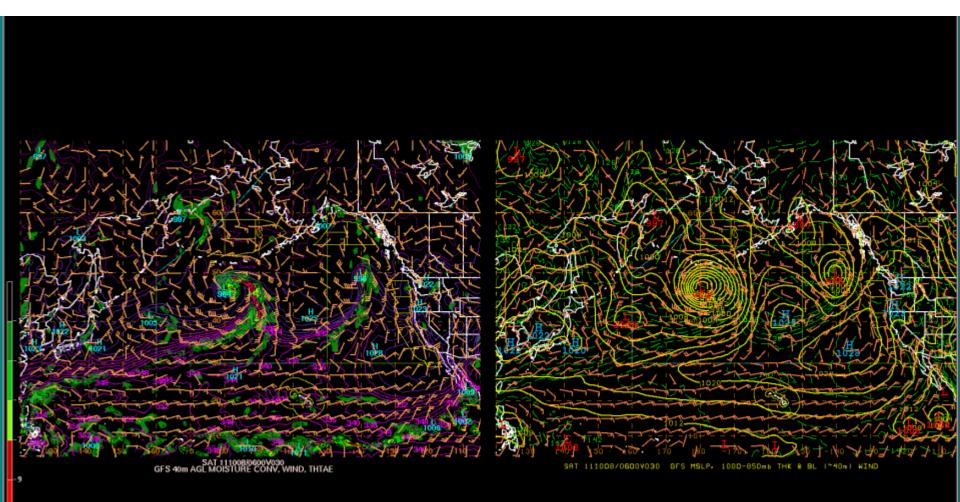
GEFS/GEM/ECMWF Ensemble Members



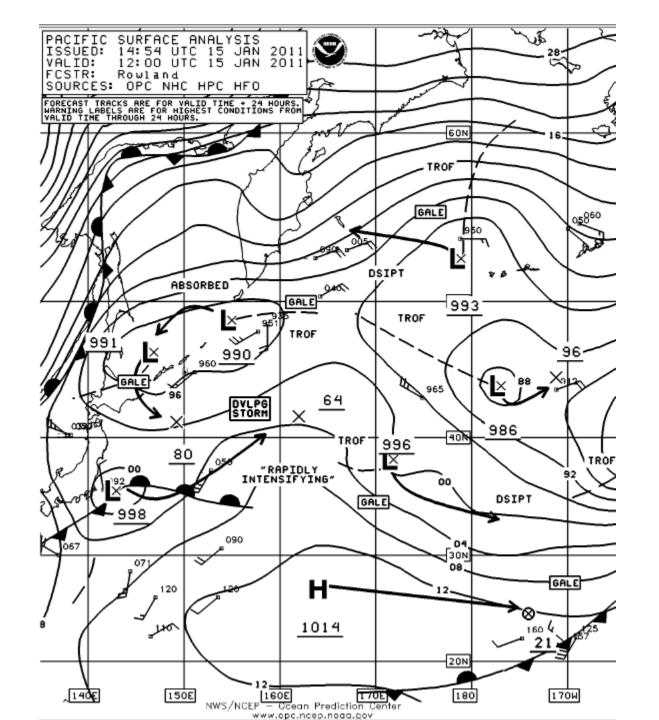


GFS 40M Moisture Convergence/Winds/Thetae

GFS1000/850 MB Thickness



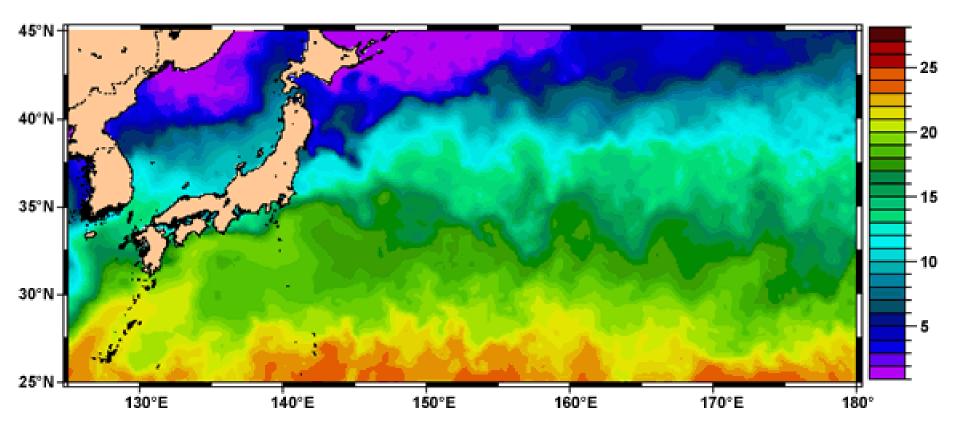




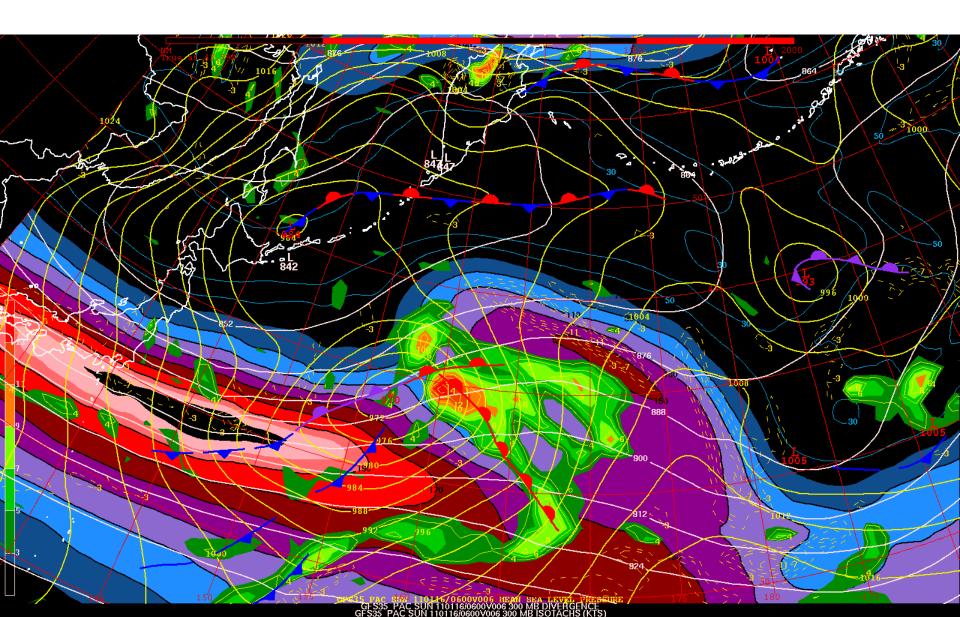


Kuroshio Current

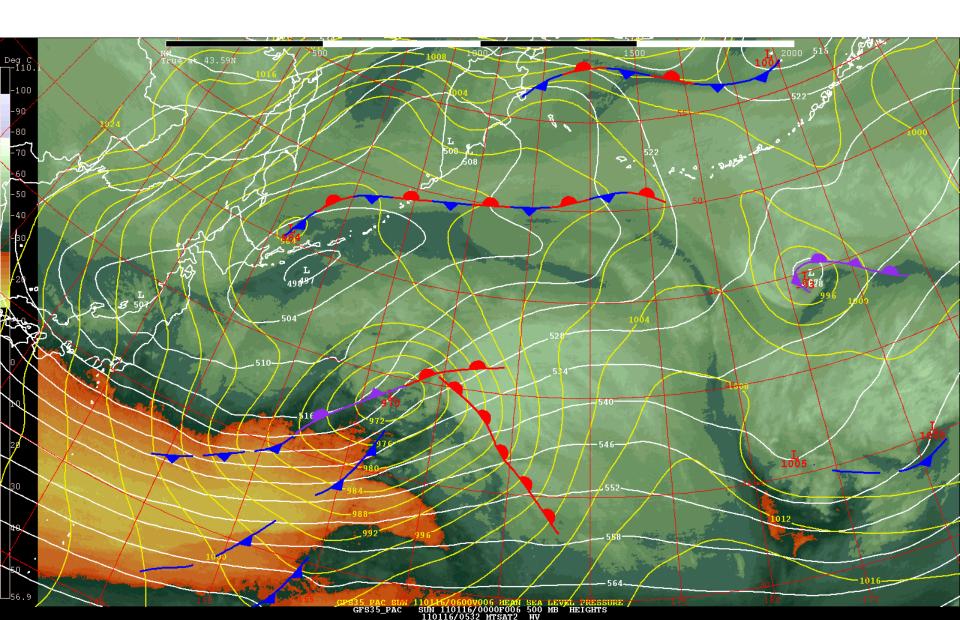
Sea Surface Temperature (°C) MODAS Analysis 01 Mar 2006



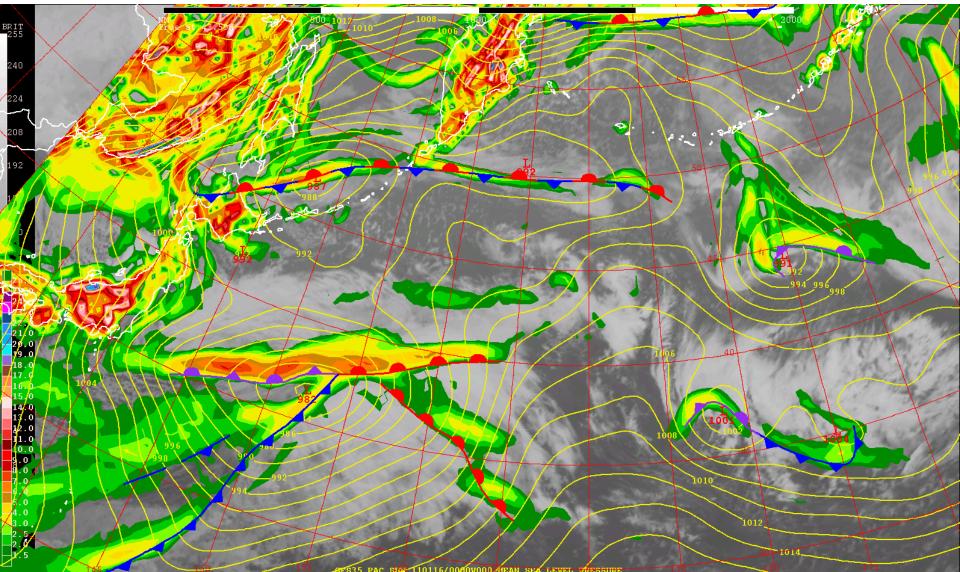




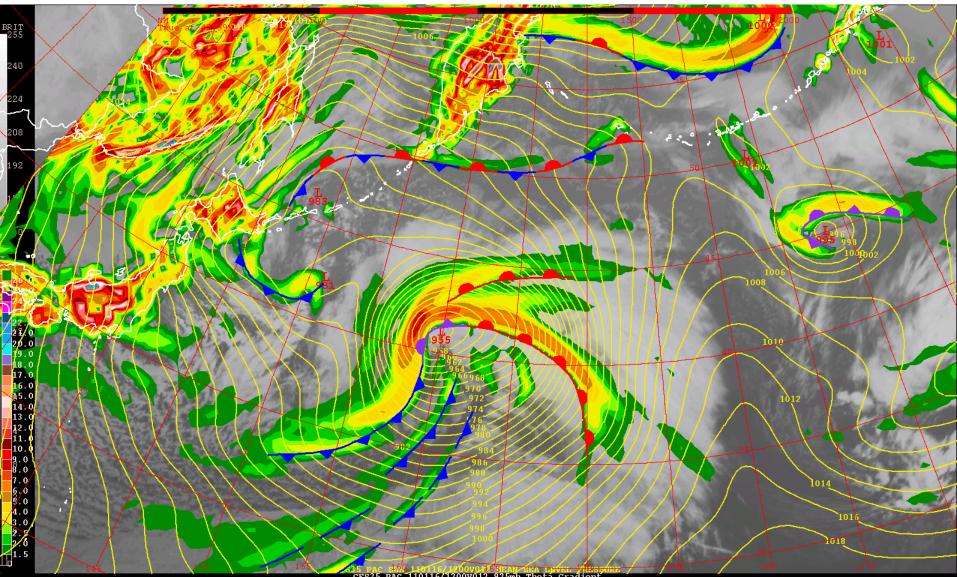




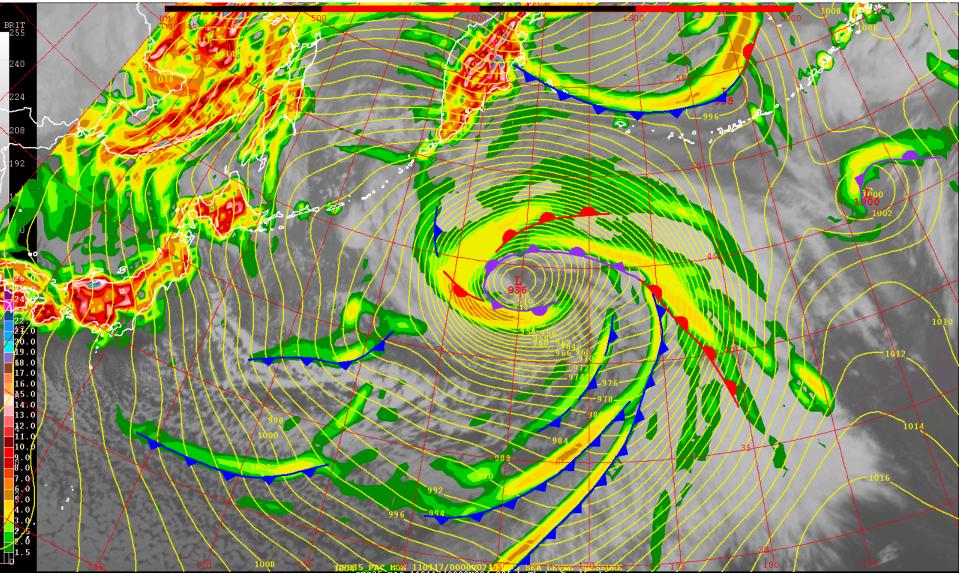




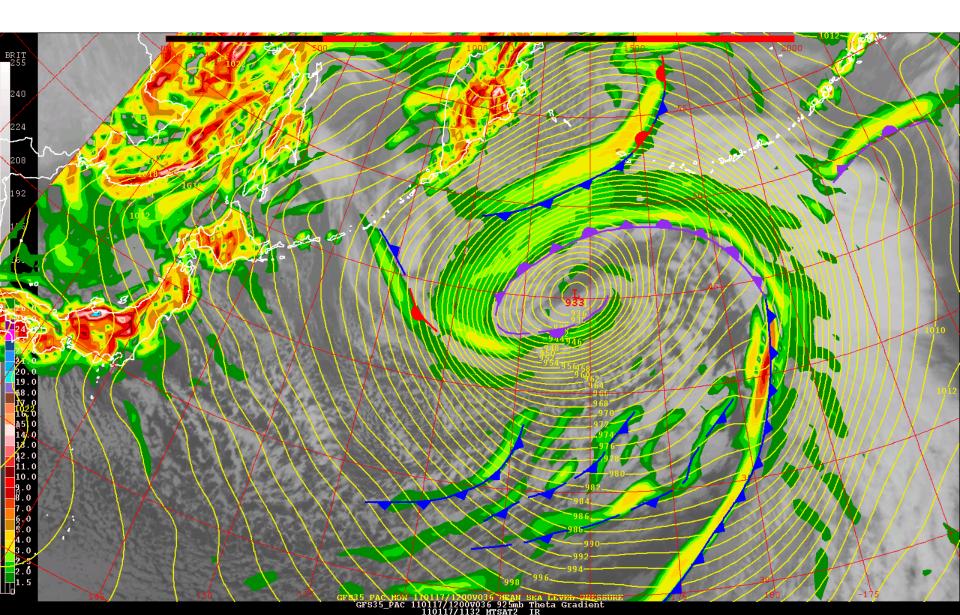




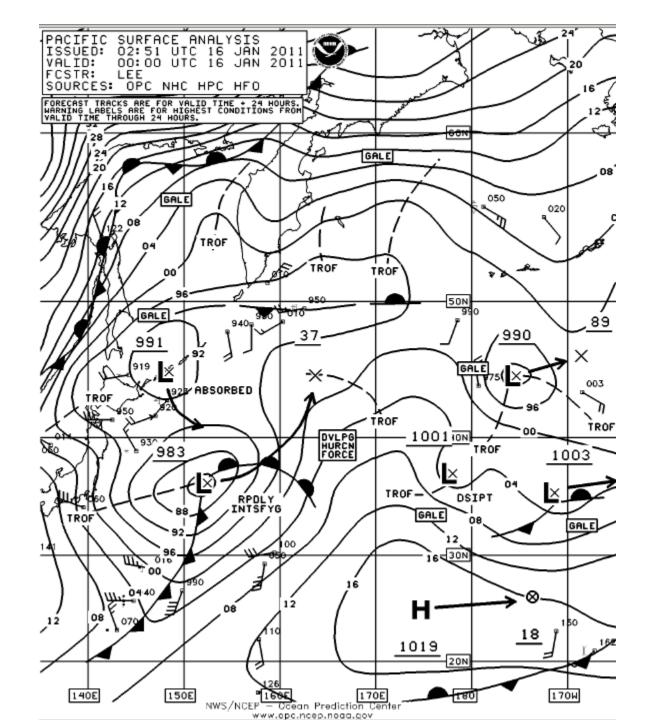


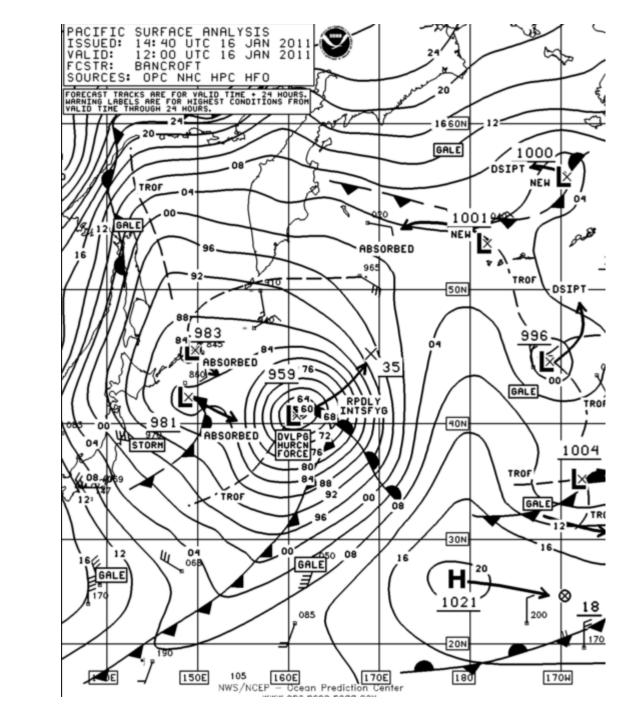




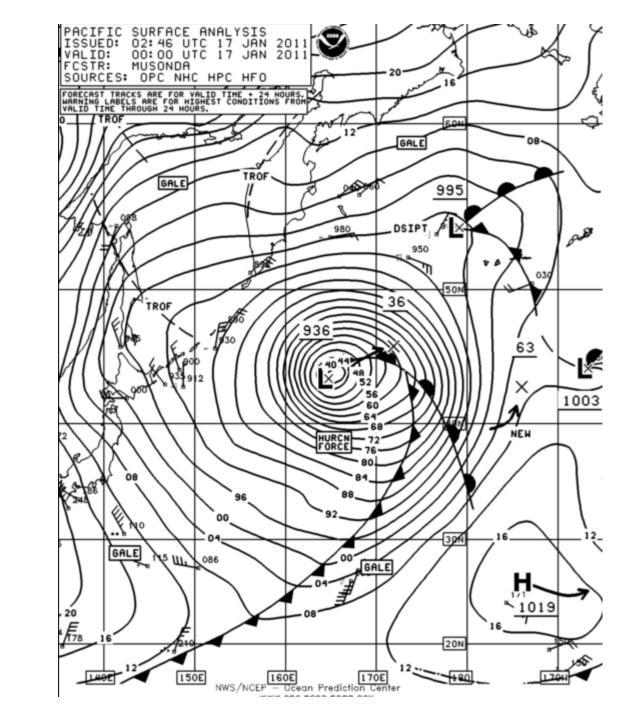






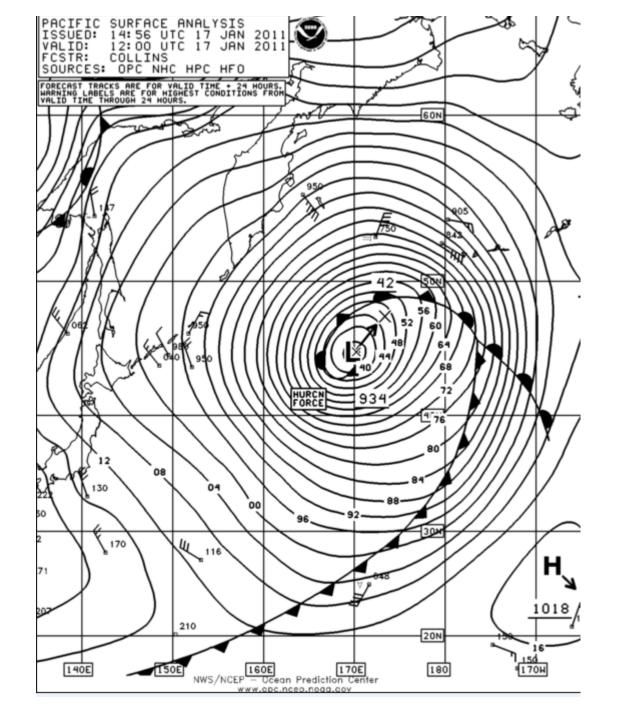


Ē

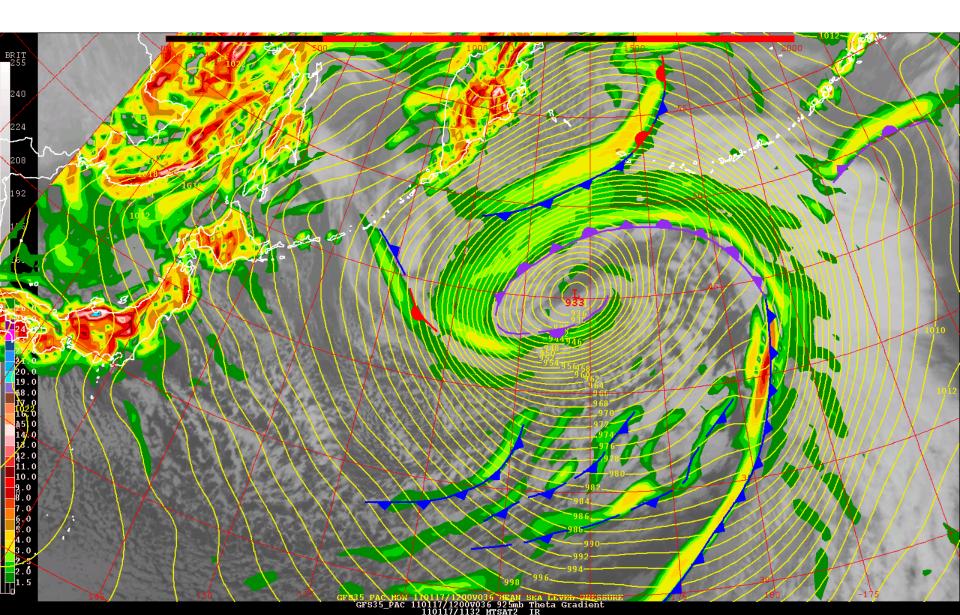




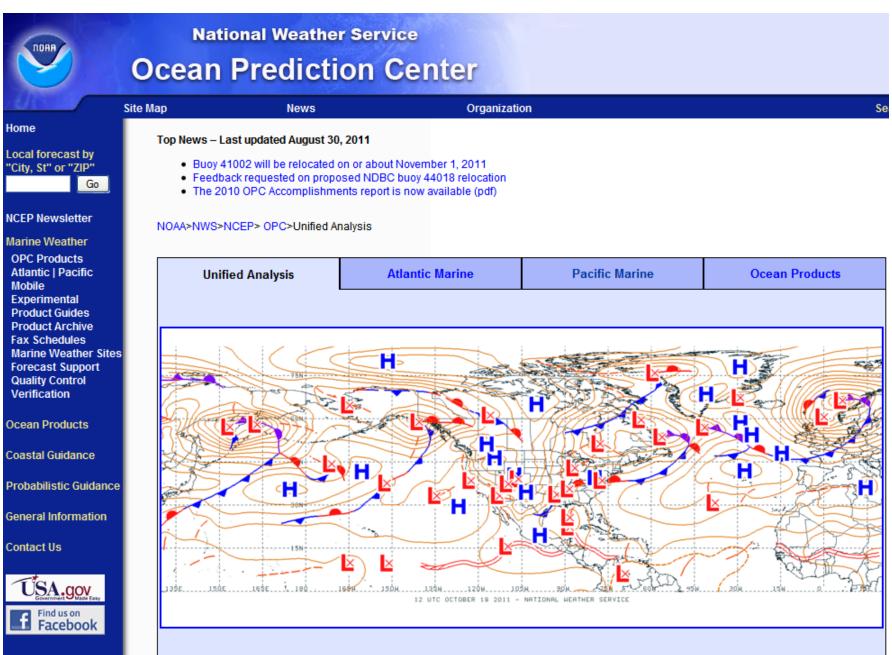








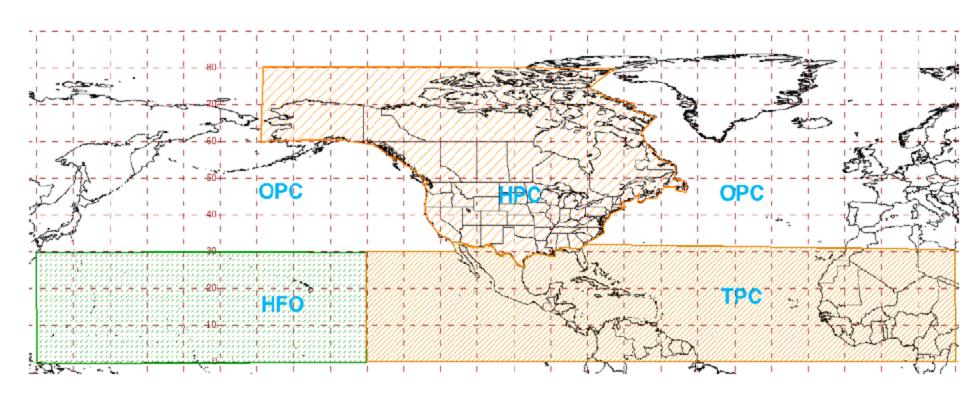
Unified Surface Analysis



Last Update: Tuesday, 18-Oct-2011 16:09:19 UTC

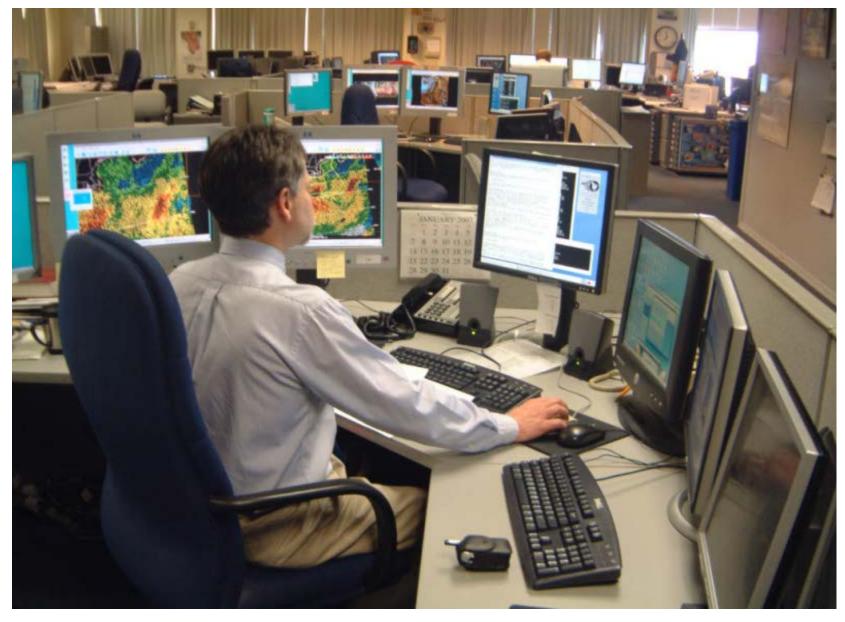


Unified Analysis AORs



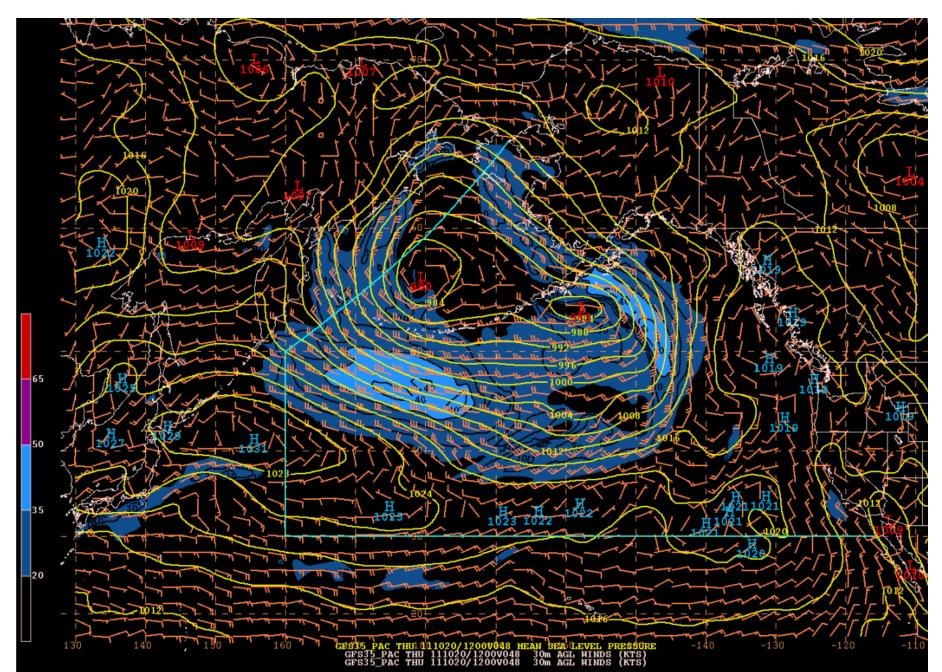


The OPC Forecast Process



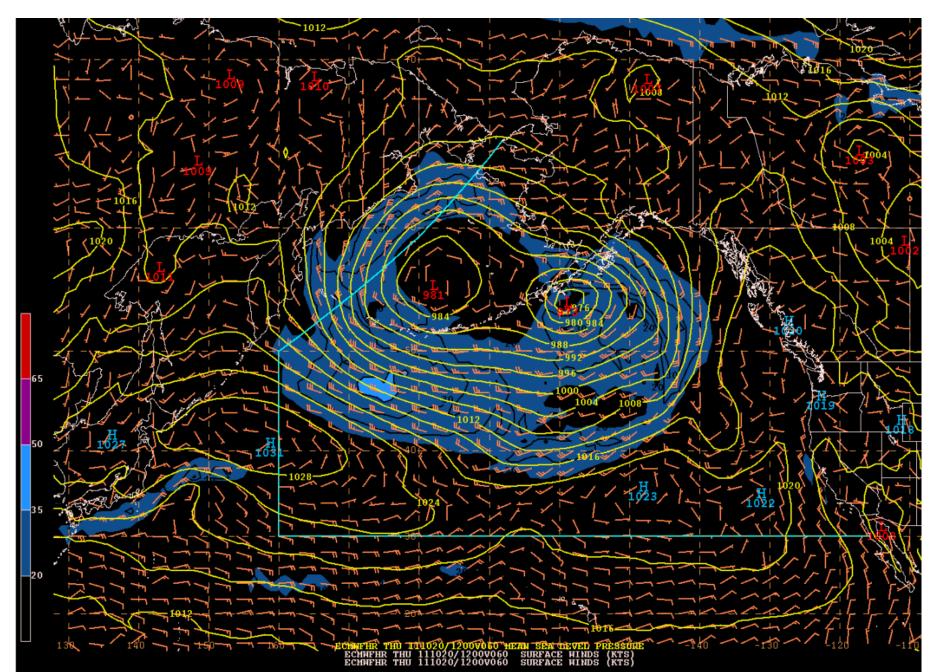
Man Machine Mix

35 KM GFS Surface Pressure/30M Winds

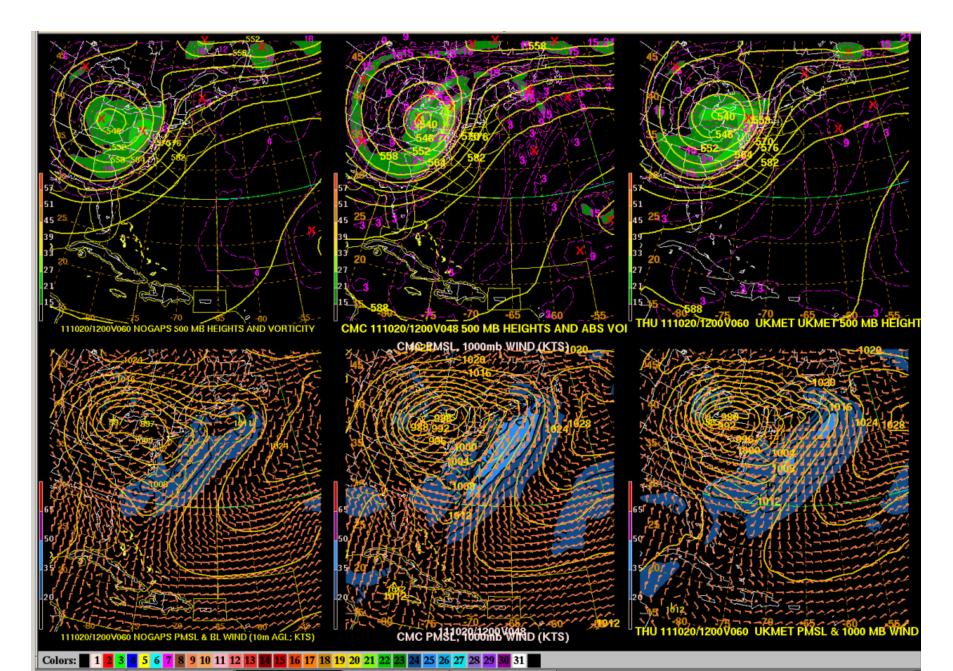




Hi-Res ECMWF Surface Pressure/10M Winds

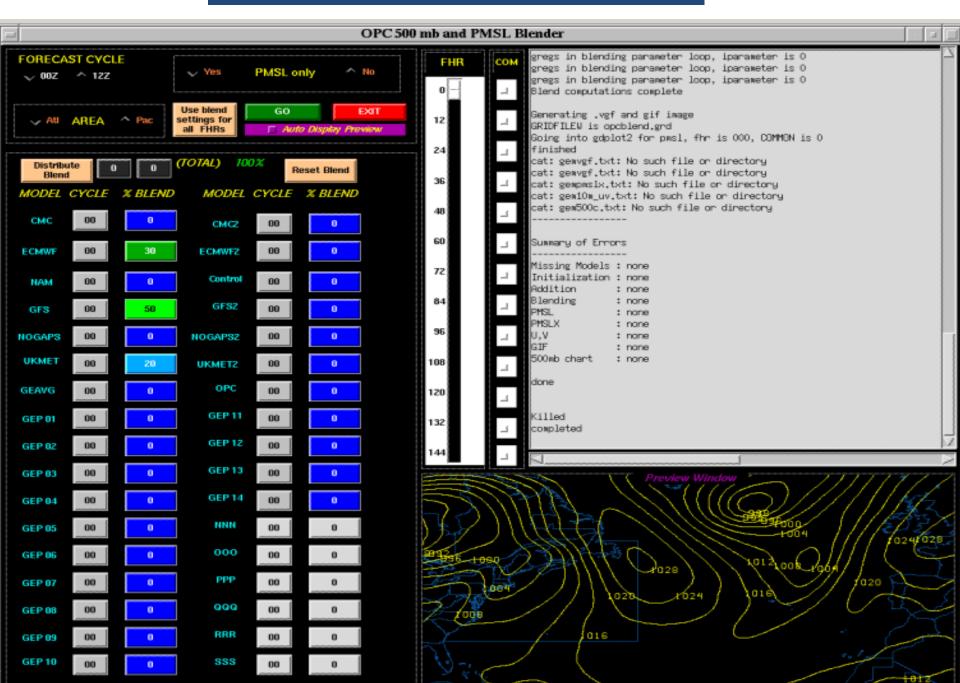


NOGAPS/GEM/UKMET Comparison



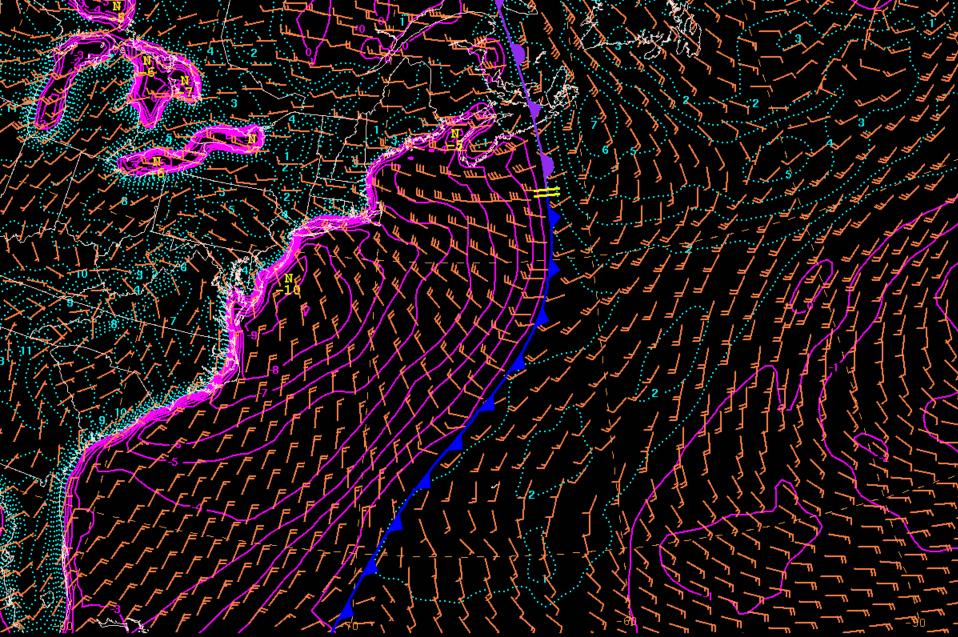


OPC Model Blender





GFS Static Stability/30M/10M Winds

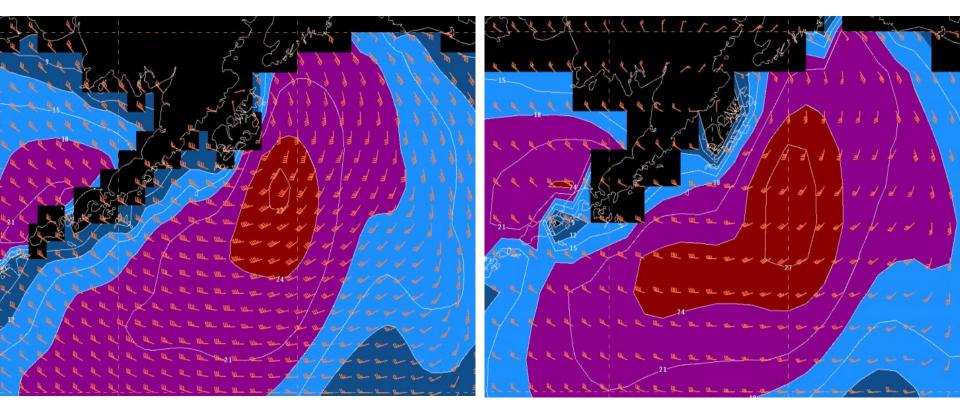


GFS35_ATL THU 121011/1200V024 Winds, Lapse Rate (925-SFC) [Unstable < 0 - 30m winds, stable >0 - 10m winds]



Multigrid WaveWatch III

ECWMF WAM

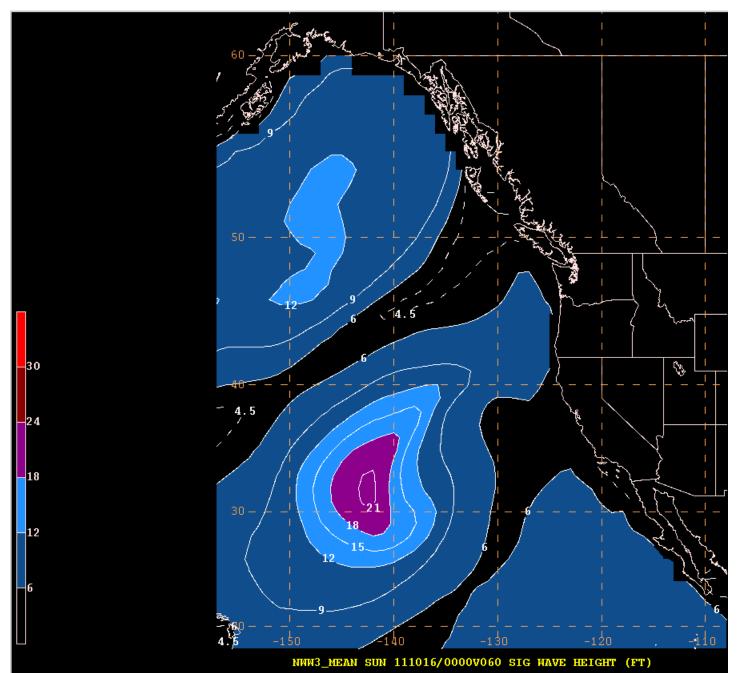


VT 1800 UTC 25 Oct 2011

VT 1800 UTC 25 Oct 2011

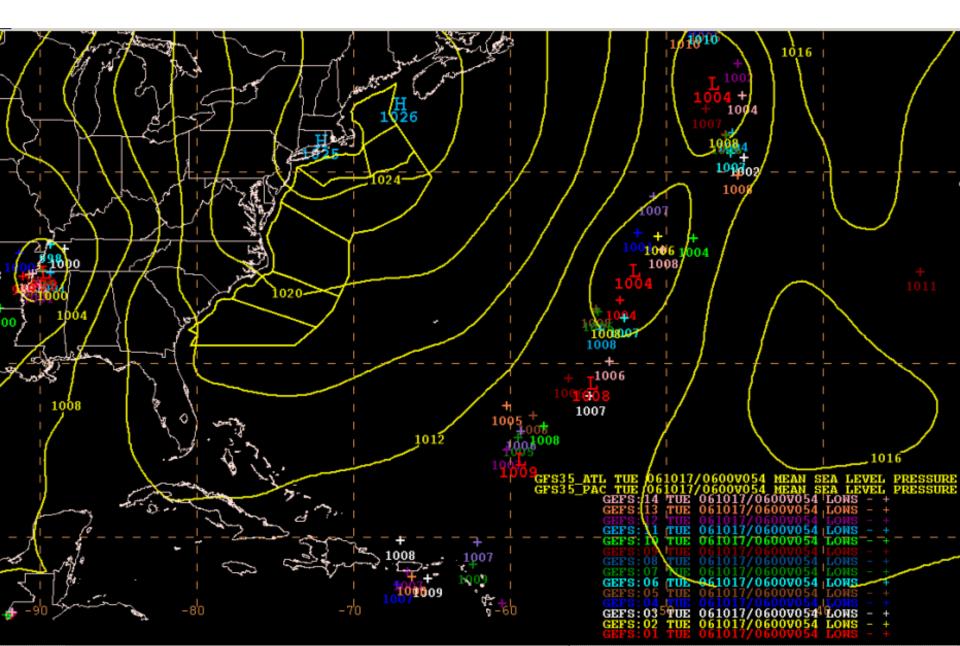


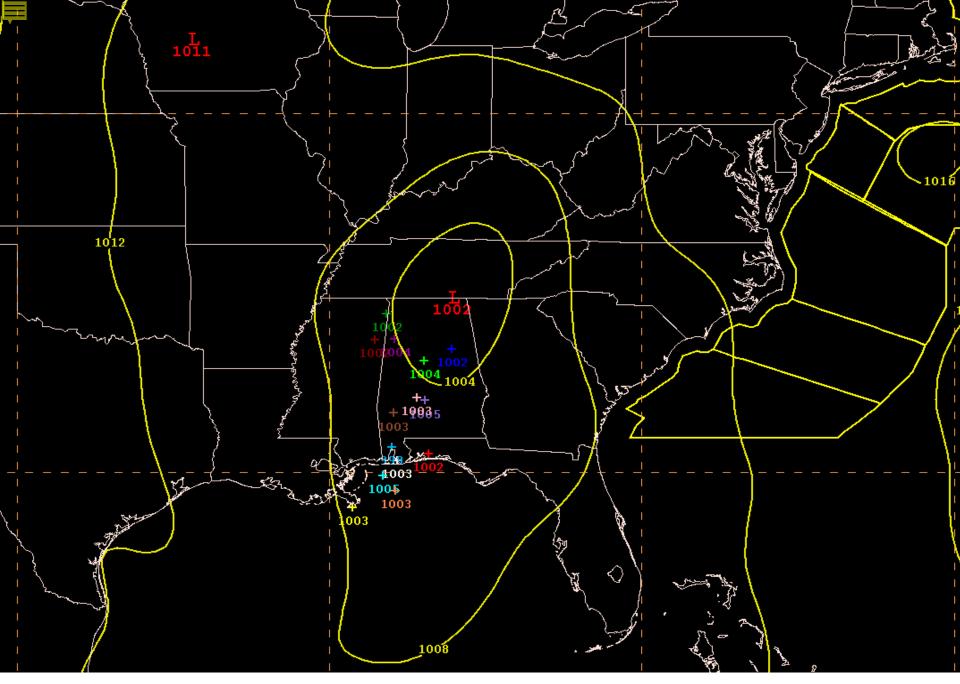
WaveWatch III Ensemble Mean



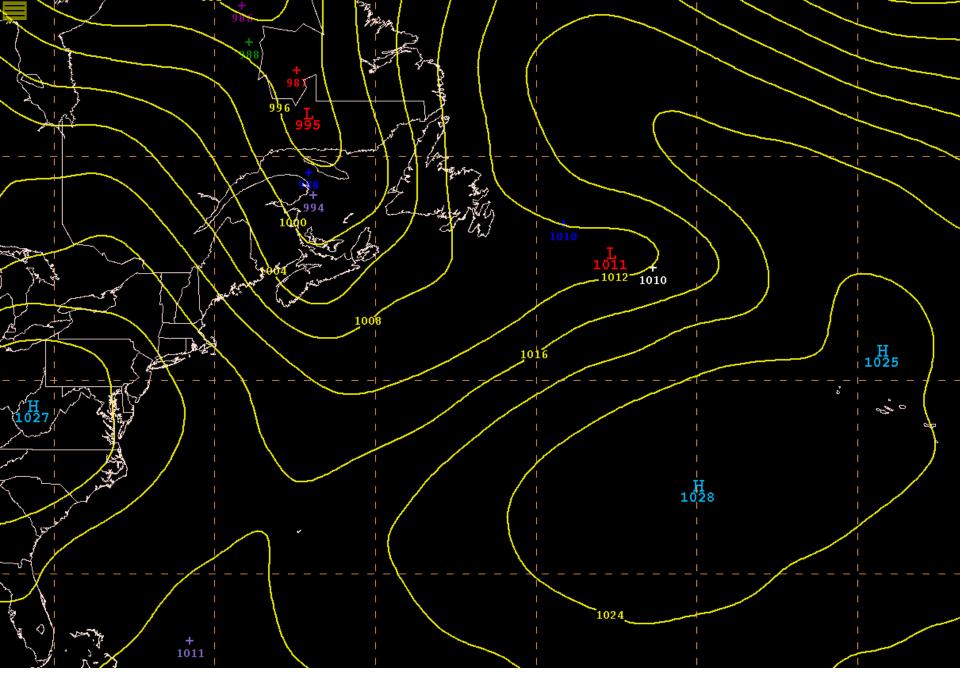


Global Ensemble Forecast System

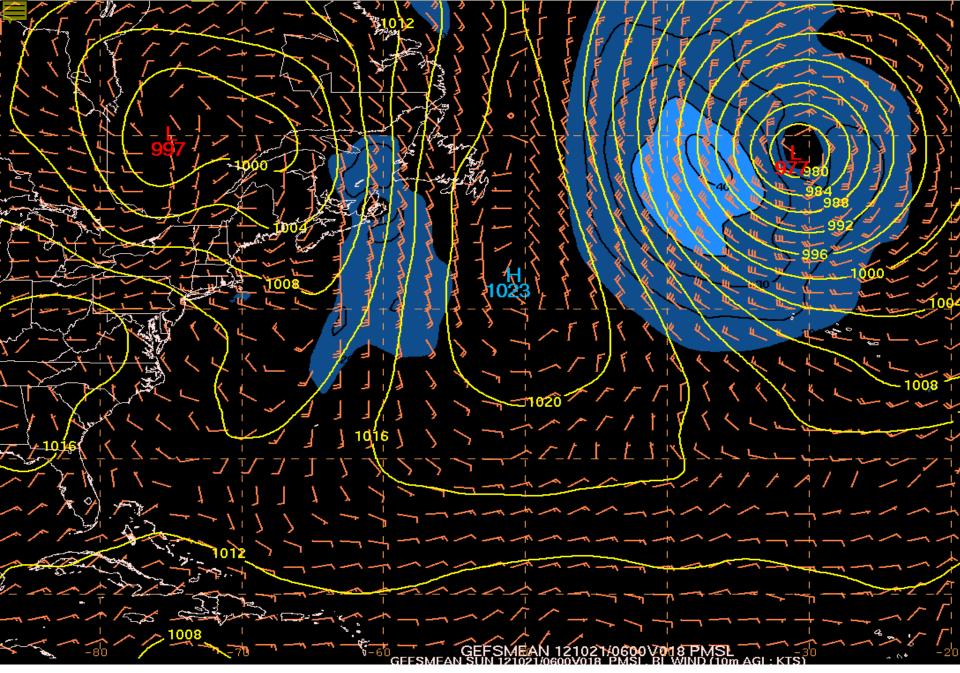




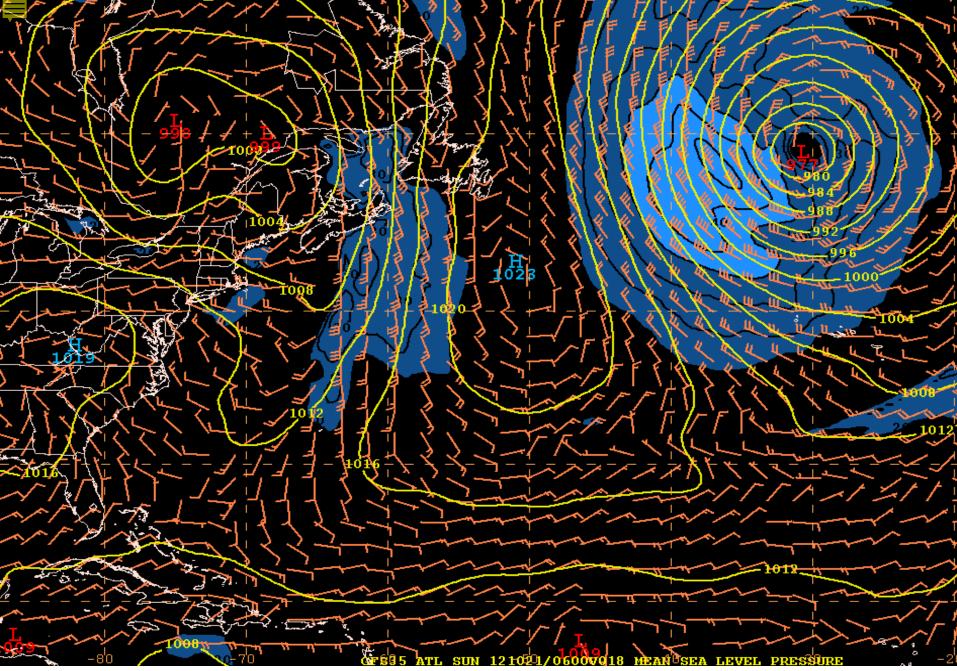
GEFS Valid 1800 UTC 01 October 2012



GEFS Valid 1200 UTC 11 October 2012



GEFS Mean Valid 0600 UTC 21 October 2012



GFS Valid 0600 UTC 21 October 2012

GFS Valid 1200 UTC March 10 2010

65

F255 ATL WED 100310/1200V168 MEAN SEA REVEL PRESSURI GFS35_ATL WED 100310/1200V168 30m AGL WINDS (KTS) GFS35_ATL WED 100310/1200V168 30m AGL WINDS (KTS)

ECMWF Valid 1200 UTC March 10 2010 -

10

5

(m

50

20

ECMNFHR WED 100310/1200V168 MEAN SEA LEVEL PRESSURE ECMNFHR WED 100310/1200V168 SURFACE WINDS (KTS) ECMNFHR WED 100310/1200V168 SURFACE WINDS (KTS)

LL.

GEFS Valid 1200 UTC March 10 + 99 <u>10 2010</u> 翻己 + 999 04 0.02

GEFS Spread Valid 1200 UTC March 10 2010

A0 👡

- 22

20

18

16

14

12 <u>30</u>

10

8

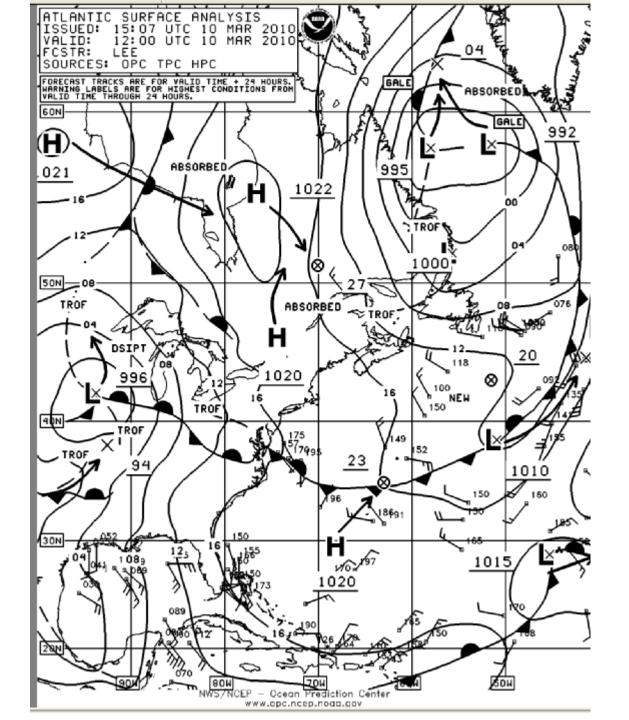
6

4

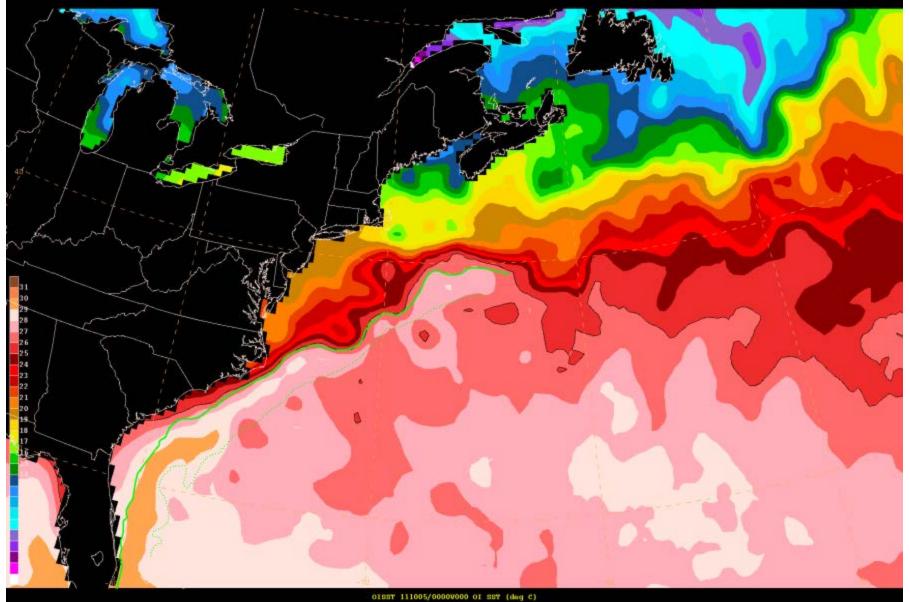
C

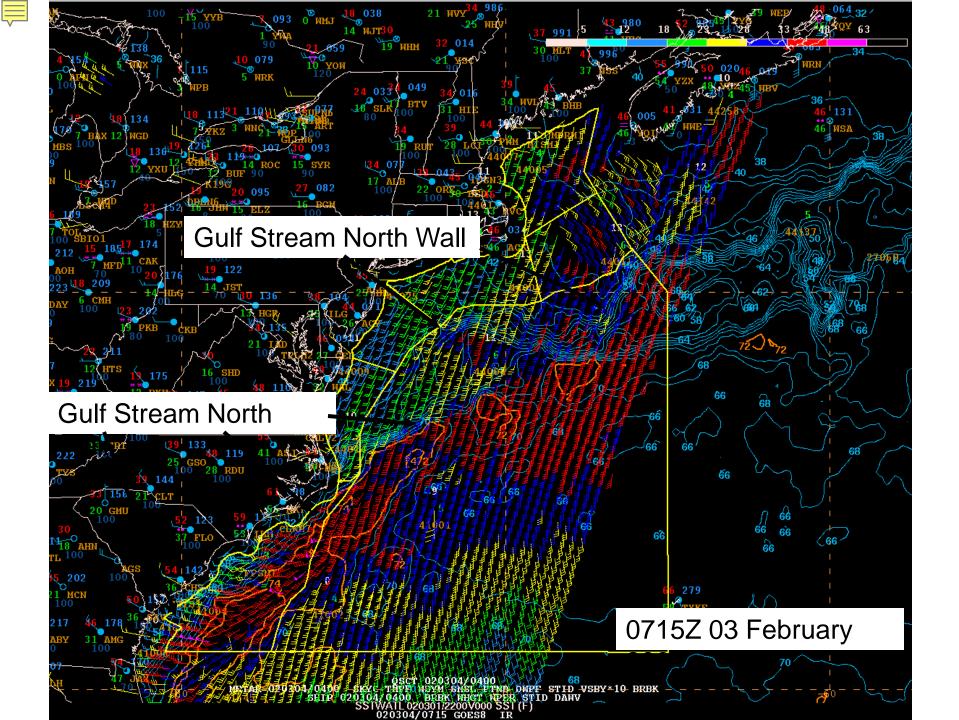
GEESSPREAD 100310/1200\/174 PMSL SPREAD (mb)



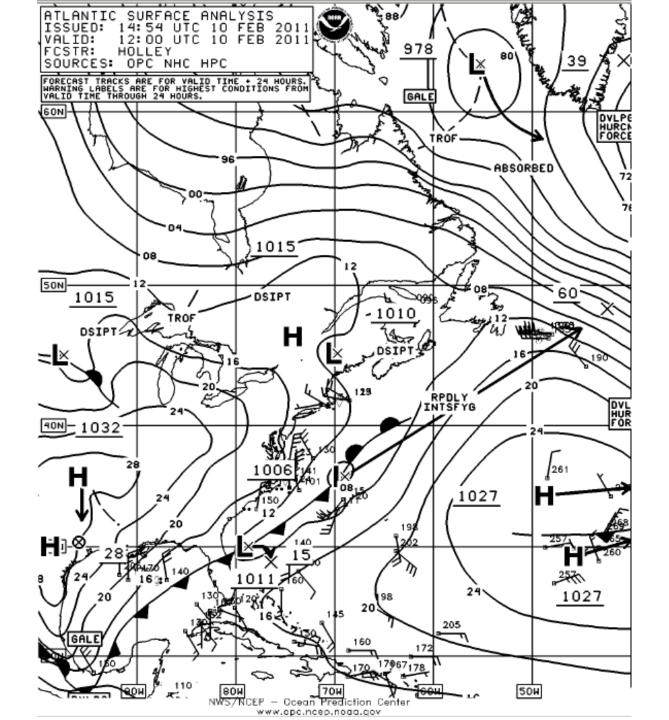


Optimum Interpolation SST Gulf Stream



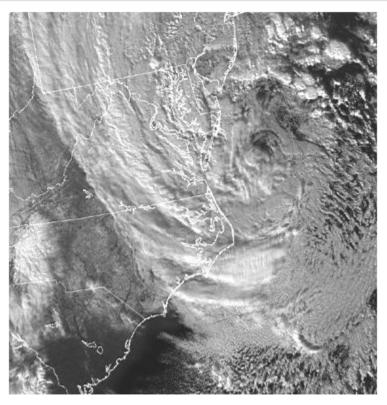






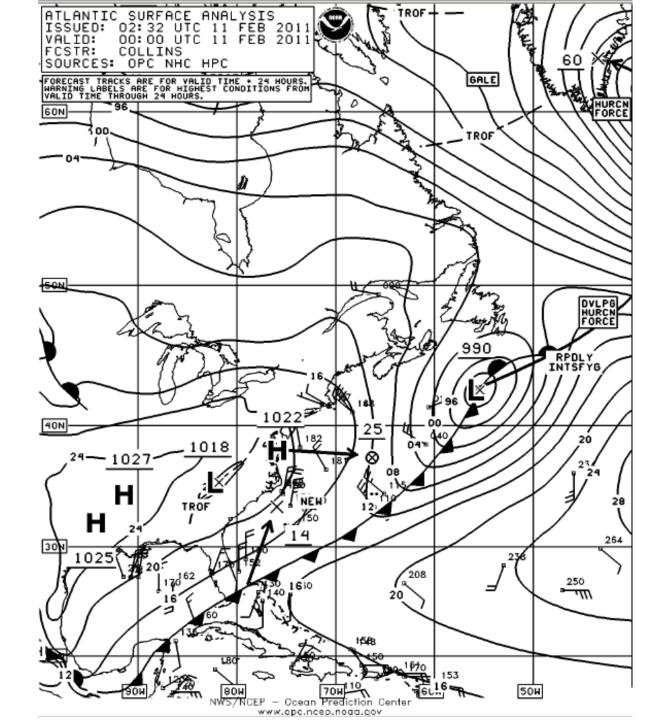


Atlantic Surface Cyclone Intensification Index (ASCII)

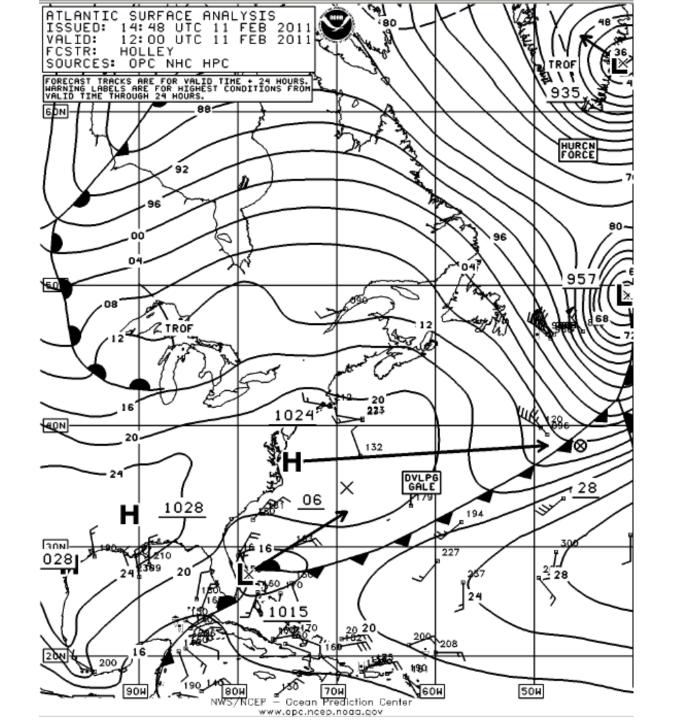


Intense area of low pressure as it exits the ASCII study domain on January 25, 2000. Thirty-six hours prior to the storm's effects on the Carolinas, the ASCII "bomb" index indicated that a storm in the domain was likely to "bomb."

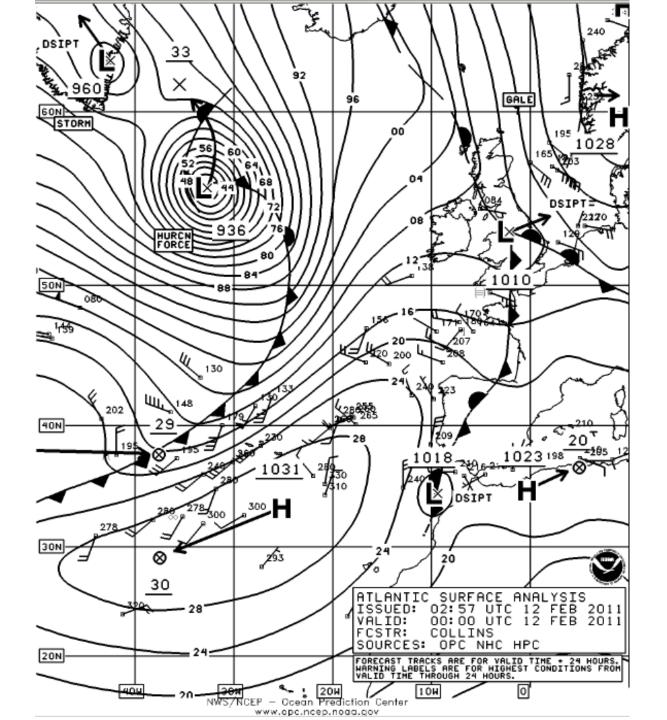




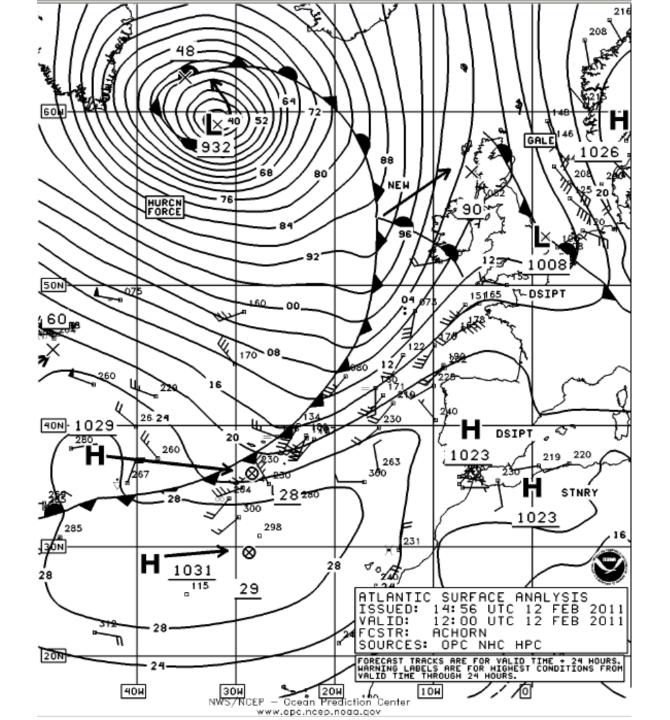


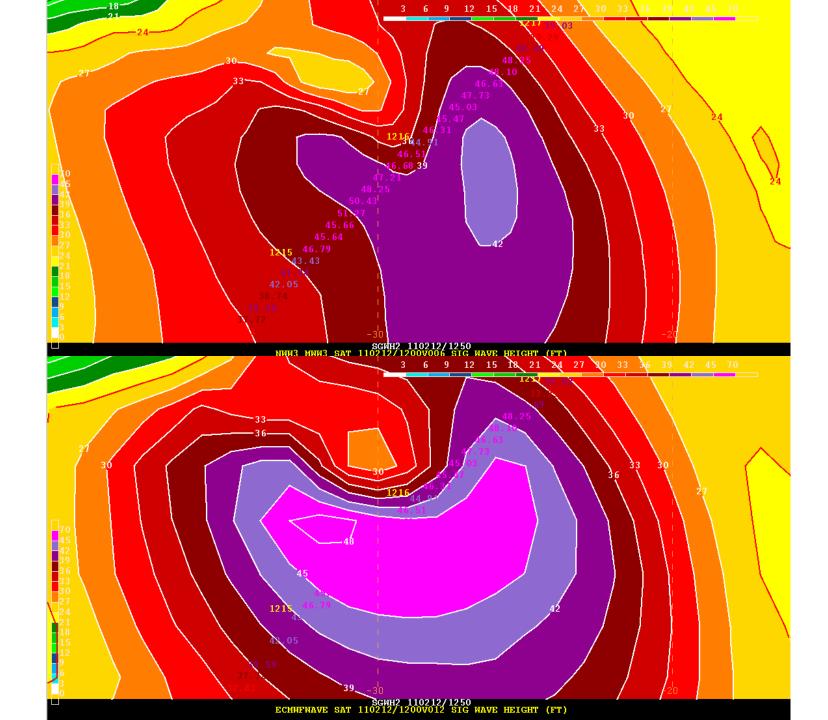




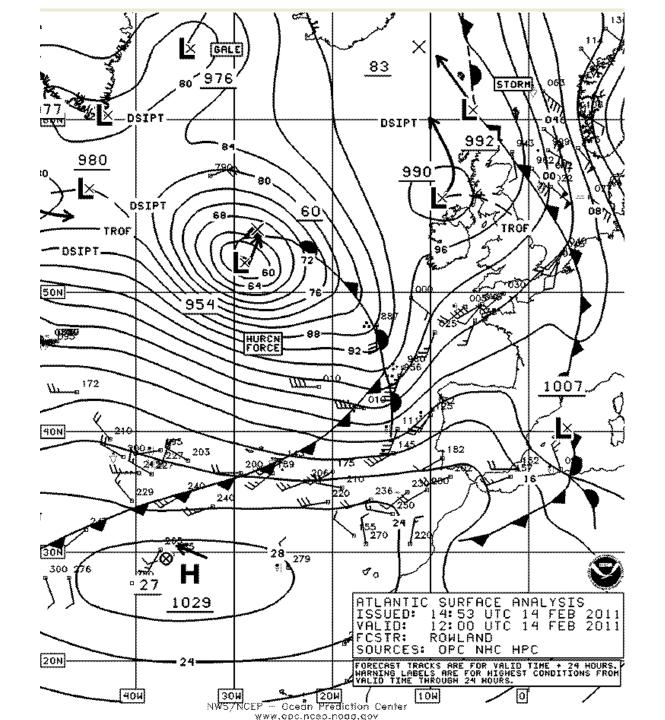


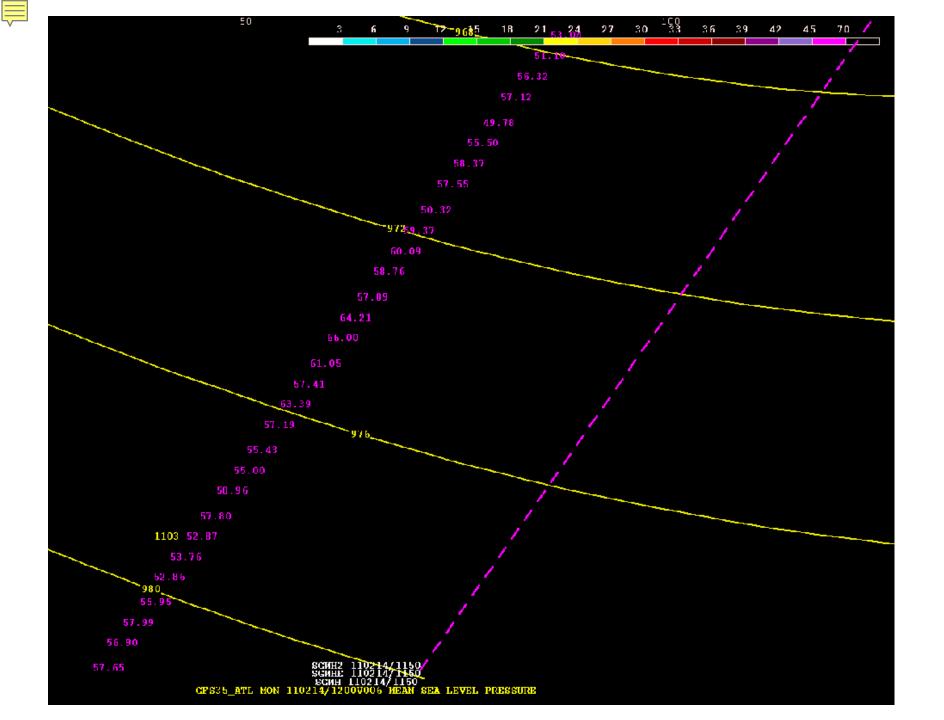
















A Final Thought...



Conclusions

Surface Analysis

- Unique forecast model sources
 - BL Moisture Convergence, Theta, Thetae, etc...
 - Ensemble members
- Non-standard observational sources
 - GOES-14 Super Rapid Scan Imagery
 - ASCAT/OSCAT Scatterometer Winds
 - University of Washington PBL Model
 - Jason Altimeter Wave Heights

Forecasting

- Model biases in Winter
- Explosive cyclogenesis scenarios
 - Strong CAA over Kuroshio and Gulf Stream Currents
- Non-standard model guidance
 - Model Blender
 - Ensemble guidance
 - In-House Model Displays
 - Static Stability